

UNITED STATES

SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION

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ANNUAL AUDITED REPORT FORM X-17A-5 FEB 2 7 2008 **PART III**

Washington, DC 110

SEC FILE NUMBER

8-67169

FACING PAGE

Information Required of Brokers and Dealers Pursuant to Section 17 of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 and Rule 17a-5 Thereunder

REPORT FOR THE PERIOD BEGINNING <u>Janu</u>	ary 1, 2007 AN MWDD/YY	DEC DEC	ember 31, 2007
A. <u>RE</u>	GISTRANT IDE	NTIFICATION	
NAME OF BROKER-DEALER:			OFFICIAL USE ONLY
VT Brokers, LLC ADDRESS OF PRINCIPAL PLACE OF BUSINESS: (Do 220 Bush Street Suite, 950	o not use P.O. Box N	Jo.)	FIRM ID NO.
San Francisco	(No. and Street)		94104
(City)	(State)		(Zip Code)
NAME AND TELEPHONE NUMBER OF PERSON T	O CONTACT IN F	EGARD TO THIS REP	ORT
Herbert C.Kurlan			(415) 293-3858
			(Area Code – Telephone No
B. ACCOUNTANT IDENTIFICATION			
INDEPENDENT PUBLIC ACCOUNTANT whos	se opinion is cont	ained in this report*	
Harb, Levy & Weiland LLP	·		
(Name – if	individual, stute, last, fit	st, middle name)	
The Landmark @ One Market, 6 th Floor	San Francis	co CA	94105
(Address) CHECK ONE:	(City)	(State)	(Zip Code)
 ☑ Certified Public Accountant ☐ Public Accountant ☐ Accountant not resident in United States 	or any of its poss	essions.	PROCESSED
F	OR OFFICIAL USE	ONLY	MAR 1 9 2018
			FINANCIAL

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^{*}Claims for exemption from the requirement that the annual report be covered by the opinion of an independent public accountant must be supported by a statement of facts and circumstances relied on as the basis for the exemption. See section 240.17a-5(e)(2).

OATH OR AFFIRMATION

statem true ai	ents and supporting schedules pertain to the firm ad correct. I further swear (or affirm) that neither	st of my knowledge and belief the accompanying financial of VIT BROKERS, LLC as of December 31, 2007, are the company nor any partner, proprietor, principal officer or ified solely as that of a customer, except as follows:
		Signature CEO. Title
this	Tasha Janks John	NATASHA YANKOFFSKI Commission # 1628641 Notary Public - California San Francisco County My Comm. Expires Dec 10, 2009
This r	Proprietor's Capital. (f) Statement of Changes in Liabilities Subo (g) Computation of Net Capital. (h) Computation for Determination of Reservation Information Relating to the Possession of A reconciliation, including appropriate explains 15c3-1 and the Computation for Determinal Rule 15c3-3. (k) A Reconciliation between the audited and	quity or Partners' Equity or Members' Equity or Sole rdinated to Claims of Creditors. ve Requirements Pursuant to Rule 15c3-3. control Requirements Under Rule 15c3-3. explanation, of the Computation of Net Capital Under Rule nation of the Reserve Requirements Under Exhibit A of dunaudited Statements of Financial Condition with respect
	to methods of consolidation. (I) An Oath or Affirmation. (m) A copy of the SIPC Supplemental Report (n) A report describing any material inadequ of the previous audit. (o) Independent auditor's report on internal of	acies found to exist or found to have existed since the date control required by SEC Rule 17a-5. control required by SEC Rule 17a-5 for a Broker-Dealer

** For conditions of confidential treatment of certain portions of this filing, see section 240.17a-5(e)(3).

VT BROKERS, LLC

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
TOGETHER WITH SUPPORTING
SCHEDULES AND AUDITORS' REPORT
DECEMBER 31, 2007



Independent Auditors' Report

To the Member VT Brokers, LLC

We have audited the accompanying statement of financial condition of VT Brokers, LLC as of December 31, 2007, and the related statements of operations, changes in member's equity and cash flows for the year then ended that you are filing pursuant to Rule 17a-5 under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934. These financial statements are the responsibility of management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audit.

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of VT Brokers, LLC as of December 31, 2007, and the results of its operations and its cash flows for the year then ended, in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming an opinion on the basic financial statements taken as a whole. The information contained in Schedules I, II, III and IV is presented for purposes of additional analysis and is not a required part of the basic financial statements, but is supplementary information required by Rule 17a-5 under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, in our opinion, is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements taken as a whole.

San Francisco, California

Harb, Levy + Weiland LLP

February 15, 2008

VT BROKERS, LLC Statement of Financial Condition December 31, 2007

Assets

Cash	9	•	47,680
Prepaid expenses	_		2,688
Total assets	\$	3	50,368

Liabilities and Member's Equity

Accounts payable and accrued expenses	\$	9,280
Member's equity		41,088
Total liabilities and member's equity	<u>\$</u>	50,368

VT BROKERS, LLC

Statement of Operations

Year Ended December 31, 2007

Revenues:	
Interest	\$ 443
FINRA rebate	35,000
	35,443
Expenses:	
FINRA rebate refunded to former owner	27,000
Professional fees	8,000
Rent	12,750
General and administrative	2,549
Regulatory fees and taxes	6,839
Total expenses	57,138
N	
Net loss	<u>\$ (21,695)</u>

VT BROKERS, LLC Statement of Changes in Member's Equity Year Ended December 31, 2007

Member's equity, beginning of the year	\$ 37,783
Contribution to member's equity	25,000
Net loss	(21,695)
Member's equity, end of the year	\$ 41,088

VT BROKERS, LLC Statement of Cash Flows Year Ended December 31, 2007

Cash flows from operating activities:

Net loss		\$ (21,695)
Adjustments to reconcile net loss to net cash used in operating activities:		
Increase in prepaid expenses Decrease in accounts payable and accrued ex	spenses	 (294) (1,720)
Net cash used in operating activities		 (23,709)
Cash flows from financing activities: Contribution from member		 25,000
Net increase in cash		1,291
Cash, beginning of year		46,389
Cash, end of year		\$ 47,680

VT Brokers, LLC Notes to Financial Statements December 31, 2007

1. Business and Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

<u>Business</u>

VT Brokers, LLC, (the "Company") is a Delaware limited liability company formed in 2003. In January 2007, the Company changed its name from Bridge Investment Advisors, LLC to VT Brokers, LLC. The Company is a wholly-owned subsidiary of VT Brokerage Group LLC, (the "Parent") a California limited liability company. The Company is a broker-dealer registered with the Securities and Exchange Commission and Municipal Securities Rulemaking Board and is a member of the Financial Industry Regulatory Authority. The Company did not generate any operating revenues during 2007.

As a limited liability company, the member's liability is limited to the amount reflected in the member's capital account.

Cash

Cash consists of cash on deposit with a commercial bank which, at times, may exceed federally insured limits. The Company has not experienced any losses in such accounts and believes it is not exposed to any significant credit risk on cash balances.

Income Taxes

No provision for federal or state income taxes has been made since the Company's income is allocated to the member for inclusion in the member's income tax return.

Use of Estimates

The process of preparing financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United Sates of America requires the use of estimates and assumptions regarding certain types of assets, liabilities, revenues and expenses. Such estimates primarily relate to unsettled transactions and events as of the date of the financial statements. Accordingly, upon settlement, actual results may differ from estimated amounts.

VT Brokers, LLC Notes to Financial Statements December 31, 2007

2. Net Capital Requirements

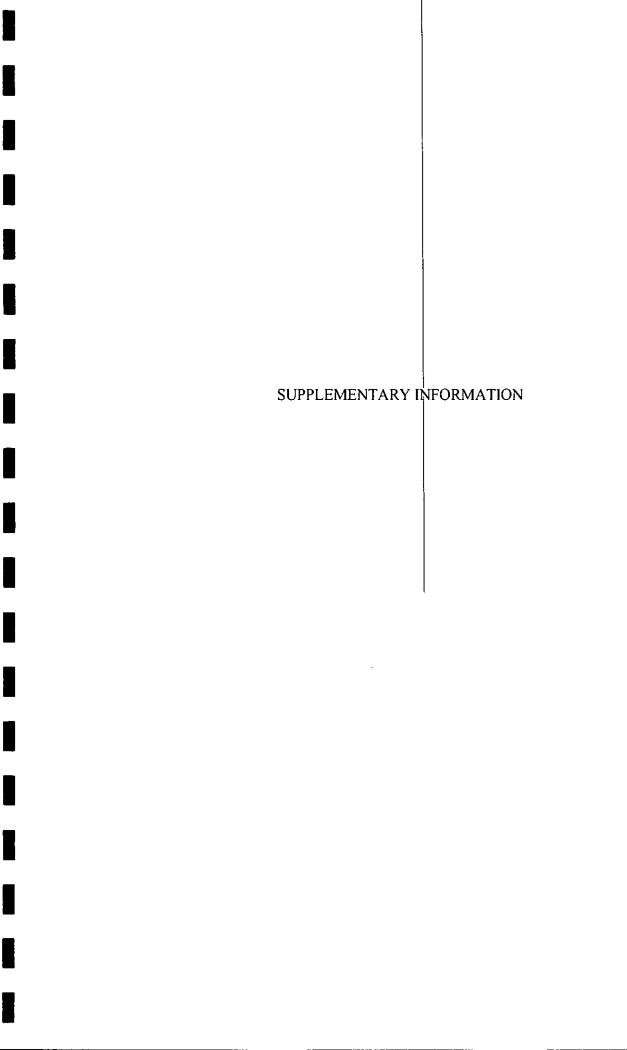
The Company is subject to the Securities and Exchange Commission Uniform Net Capital Rule (SEC Rule 15c3-1), which requires the maintenance of minimum net capital and requires that the ratio of aggregate indebtedness to net capital, both as defined, shall not exceed 15 to 1. At December 31, 2007, the Company had net capital of \$38,400, which was \$33,400 in excess of its required net capital of \$5,000. The Company's aggregate indebtedness to net capital ratio was 0.24 to 1.

3. <u>Lease Obligation</u>

The Company leases its office facility under the terms of an expense-sharing agreement with an affiliate of the Parent. Under the terms of the agreement, the affiliate allocates \$1,250 in monthly rent to the Company. The Company is currently on a month to month lease and may end its obligations under this agreement on 30 days notice.

4. Futures Introducing Broker

The Company is currently in the process of applying for membership to the National Futures Association to operate as an introducing broker on futures accounts.



FINANCIAL AND OPERATIONAL COMBINED UNIFORM SINGLE REPORT PART IIA

. Total ownership equity from Statement of Financial Condition			\$ 41,088	3480
Deduct ownership equity not allowable for Net Capital	•••••			3490
Total ownership equity qualified for Net Capital		,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	41,088	3500
4. Add:				
A. Liabilities subordinated to claims of general creditors allowable in compo	Itation of net cap	tal		3520
B. Other (deductions) or allowable credits (List)				3525
i. Total capital and allowable subordinated liabilities	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •		41,088	3530
Deductions and/or charges: A. Total non-allowable assets from Statement of Financial Condition (Notes B and C)Other	\$ 2,688	3540]	
B. Secured demand note delinquency	\$	3590	_	
 C. Commodity futures contracts and spot commodities – proprietary capital charge. 	\$	3600		r
D. Other deductions and/or charges	\$	3610	2,688	3620
7. Other additions and/or allowable credits (List)	***************************************			3630
Net capital before haircuts on securities positions	•••••		38,400	3640
9. Haircuts on securities (computed, where applicable, pursuant to 15c3-1(f):			7	
A. Contractual securities commitments		3660	j	
B. Subordinated securities borrowings		3670	J	
C. Trading and investment securities:			,	
Exempted Securities		3735		
2. Debt securities		3733	1	
3. Options		3730]	
4. Other securities		3734	1	
D. Undue Concentration		3650	ļ	
E. Other (List)		3736		3740
IO. Net Capital			\$ 38,400	3750

OMIT PENNIES

6A: Non-allowable assets

Prepaid expenses

\$2,688

FINANCIAL AND OPERATIONAL COMBINED UNIFORM SINGLE REPORT

		PART IIA	\			
I	3ROK	ER OR DEALER: VT Brokers, LLC a	s of <u>D</u>	ecember 31, 2007		
		COMPUTATION OF NET CAPIT	AL REQUI	REMENT		
Pai	rt A					
11,	Minim	num net capital required (6 2/3% of line 19)		<u> </u>	\$ 618	3756
12.		num dollar net capital requirement of reporting broker or dealer and min bsidiaries computed in accordance with Note (A)			5,000	3758
13.	Net c	apital requirement (greater of line 11 or 12)			5,000	3760
14.	Exces	ss net capital (line 10 less 13)			33,400	3770
15.	Exces	ss net capital at 1000% (line 10 less 10% of line 19)		<u> </u>	37,472	3780
		COMPUTATION OF AGGREGATE	INDEBTE	DNESS		
16.	Total	A.I. liabilities from Statement of Financial Condition		<u> </u>	9,280	3790
17.	Add:					
	Α.	Drafts for immediate credit	\$	3800		
	В.	Market value of securities borrowed for which no equivalent value is paid or credited	\$	3810		<u> </u>
	C.	Other unrecorded amounts (List)	\$	3820		3830
19.	Total	Aggregate indebtedness		······	\$ 9,280	3840
20.	Perce	entage of aggregate indebtedness to net capital (line 19 / line 10)		·····	24%	3850
21.	Perce	entage of debt to debt-equity total computed in accordance with Rule 15	ic3-1(d)	·····		3860
		COMPUTATION OF ALTERNATE NET C	APITAL R	EQUIREMENT		
Par	1 B					
22.	2% of	combined aggregate debit items as shown in Formula for Reserve Rec	quirement	pursuant to Rule		<u> </u>
	15c3- conso	3 prepared as of the date of the net capital computation including both didated subsidiaries debits	brokers of	dealers and		3970
23.	Minim	num dollar net capital requirement of reporting broker or dealer and min	imum net e	capital requirement		2222

or subsidiaries computed in accordance with Note (A)..... 3880 24. Net capital requirement (greater of line 22 or 23)..... 3760 25. Excess capital (line 10 or 24)..... 3910 26. Net capital excess of the greater of: A. 5% of combined aggregate debit items or \$120,000..... 3920

NOTES:

- The minimum net capital requirement should be computed by adding the minimum dollar net capital requirement of the reporting broker dealer and, for each subsidiary to be consolidated, the greater of:
 - Minimum dollar net capital requirement, or
 - 6 2/3% of aggregated indebtedness or 4% of aggregate debits if alternative method is used.
- Do not deduct the value of securities borrowed under subordination agreements or secured demand note covered by subordination agreements not in satisfactory form and the market values of memberships in exchanges contributed for use of company (contra to item 1740) and partners' securities which were included in non-allowable assets.
- (C) For reports filed pursuant to paragraph (d) of Rule 17a-5, respondent should provide a list of material non-allowable assets.

VT Brokers, LLC Computation for Determination of Reserve Requirements Pursuant to Rule 15c3-3 December 31, 2007

The Company claims an exemption under Rule 15c3-3(k)(2)(ii) and therefore is not subject to the reserve requirements of Rule 15c3-3.

VT Brokers, LLC Information Relating to the Possession Or Control Requirements Under Rule 15c3-3 December 31, 2007

The Company claims an exemption under Rule 15c3-3(k)(2)(ii) and therefore is not subject to the possession and control provisions of Rule 15c3-3.

VT Brokers, LLC Reconciliations Pursuant to Rules 15c3-1 and 15c3-3 December 31, 2007

1. Reconciliation of Computation of Net Capital to Respondent's Computation

The reconciliation between Schedule I and the respondent's computation is as follows:

	Net <u>Capital</u>	Aggregate Indebtedness	Percentage
Computation per respondent	\$ 38,400	\$ 9,280	24%
Computation per Schedule I	<u>38,400</u>	9,280	24%
Differences	<u>\$ - </u>	<u>\$ - </u>	

2. Reconciliation of Computation of Reserve Requirements to Respondent's Computations

The Company claims an exemption under Rule 15c3-3(k)(2)(ii) and therefore is not subject to the reserve requirements of Rule 15c3-3.



To the Member VT Brokers, LLC

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements and supplemental schedules of VT Brokers, LLC (the "Company"), as of and for the year ended December 31, 2007, in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, we considered the Company's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) as a basis for designing our auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinion on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Company's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the Company's internal control.

Also, as required by rule 17a-5(g)(1) of the Securities and Exchange Commission (SEC), we have made a study of the practices and procedures followed by the Company including consideration of control activities for safeguarding securities. This study included tests of such practices and procedures that we considered relevant to the objectives stated in rule 17a-5(g) in making the periodic computations of aggregate indebtedness (or aggregate debits) and net capital under rule 17a-3(a)(11) and for determining compliance with the exemptive provisions of rule 15c3-3. Because the Company does not carry securities accounts for customers or perform custodial functions relating to customer securities, we did not review the practices and procedures followed by the Company in any of the following:

- 1. Making quarterly securities examinations, counts, verifications, and comparisons and recordation of differences required by rule 17a-13
- 2. Complying with the requirements for prompt payment for securities under Section 8 of Federal Reserve Regulation T of the Board of Governors of the Federal Reserve System

The management of the Company is responsible for establishing and maintaining internal control and the practices and procedures referred to in the preceding paragraph. In fulfilling this responsibility, estimates and judgments by management are required to assess the expected benefits and related costs of controls and of the practices and procedures referred to in the preceding paragraph and to assess whether those practices and procedures can be expected to achieve the SEC's above-mentioned objectives. Two of the objectives of internal control and the practices and procedures are to provide management with reasonable but not absolute assurance that assets for which the Company has responsibility are safeguarded against loss from unauthorized use or disposition and that transactions are executed in accordance with management's authorization and recorded properly to permit the preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles. Rule 17a-5(g) lists additional objectives of the practices and procedures listed in the preceding paragraph.

Because of inherent limitations in internal control and the practices and procedures referred to above, error or fraud may occur and not be detected. Also, projection of any evaluation of them to future periods is subject to the risk that they may become inadequate because of changes in conditions or that the effectiveness of their design and operation may deteriorate.

A control deficiency exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent or detect misstatements on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a control deficiency, or combination of control deficiencies, that adversely affects the entity's ability to initiate, authorize, record, process, or report financial data reliably in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles such that there is more than a remote likelihood that a misstatement of the entity's financial statements that is more than inconsequential will not be prevented or detected by the entity's internal control.

A material weakness is a significant deficiency, or combination of significant deficiencies, that results in more than a remote likelihood that a material misstatement of the financial statements will not be prevented or detected by the entity's internal control.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first and second paragraphs and would not necessarily identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control and control activities for safeguarding securities that we consider to be material weaknesses, as defined above.

We understand that practices and procedures that accomplish the objectives referred to in the second paragraph of this report are considered by the SEC to be adequate for its purposes in accordance with the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 and related regulations, and that practices and procedures that do not accomplish such objectives in all material respects indicate a material inadequacy for such purposes. Based on this understanding and on our study, we believe that the Company's practices and procedures, as described in the second paragraph of this report, were adequate at December 31, 2007, to meet the SEC's objectives.

This report is intended solely for the information and the use of management, the SEC, FINRA, and other regulatory agencies that rely on rule 17a-5(g) under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 in their regulation of registered brokers and dealers, and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

San Francisco, California

Harb, Levy + Weiland LLP

February 15, 2008

